A TENTATIVE RECORD OF *PAPILIO DEMOLEUS MALAYANUS* WALLACE, 1865 (LEPIDOPTERA: PAPILIONIDAE) FROM THE SOLOMON ISLANDS

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Abstract

Commercially obtained specimens of *Papilio demoleus malayanus* Wallace, 1865, ostensibly from Guadalcanal Province, Solomon Islands, are presented as a tentative new record. Further specimens are needed for confirmation.

Introduction

Papilio demoleus Linneaus, 1758 has a wide distribution from the Middle East and throughout southern Asia to southern mainland Papua New Guinea and Australia (Smith and Vane-Wright 2010). Recently, the Southeast Asian subspecies *P. demoleus malayanus* Wallace, 1865 has spread through the Indonesian archipelago into Papua New Guinea (Tennent *et al.* 2011, Morgun and Wiemers 2012).

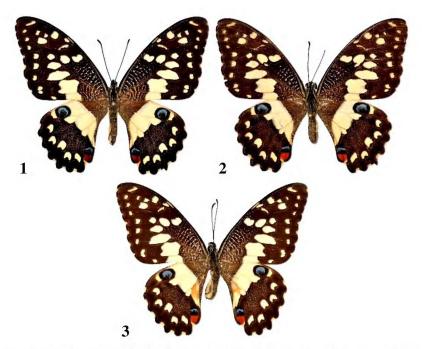
Specimens of *P. d. malayanus* obtained from a commercial source, purporting to originate from Guadalcanal Province of the Solomon Islands, are presented here as a tentative range extension.

New record

This record is based on three females of *P. demoleus malayanus* (Figs 1-3) obtained from a commercial insect dealer in Poland. Data provided with the specimens were 'Guadalcanal, Solomon Islands, April 2015'. Identity of these specimens was confirmed using the key in Smith and Vane-Wright (2010).

Discussion

The record represented by these specimens is considered probably genuine — but with qualification. It is considered unlikely that they were passed off as a new distribution record for profit because *P. demoleus* forms part of the 'low value, high volume' insect trade (Collins and Morris 1986) and specimens are inexpensive. *Papilio demoleus* specimens obtained for another project also lacked geographic precision (*e.g.* simply 'West Java' or 'Ceram' [Indonesia]) but were still accurate to the resolution provided. For these reasons, it is concluded that the specimens presented here are evidence that *P. d. malayanus* has reached Guadalcanal Province, Solomon Islands, a conclusion supported by the presence of this taxon in nearby New Britain, New Ireland and Milne Bay Provinces, Papua New Guinea (Tennent *et al.* 2011). However, confirmation of this record is needed, making it inappropriate at present to use it to justify biosecurity measures for *P. d. malayanus* on trade pathways from the Solomon Islands.



Figs 1-3. *Papilio demoleus malayanus* specimens representing a putative record from Guadalcanal Province, Solomon Islands. Specimen (1) in author's collection; (2) and (3) in Australian National Insect Collection (ANIC), Canberra.

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